

4a - Operators

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Precedence Order:

① $*$, $/$, $\%$

② $+$, $-$

When similar precedence operator is in a statement then it is done left to right

eg: $2 * 3 / 6$

$\therefore$ $*$ and $/$ have same level of precedence, we go left to right.

$$(2 * 3) / 6 = 1$$

Q $a = 9 - 12 / 3 + 3 * 2 - 1$

$$= 9 - (12 / 3) + (3 * 2) - 1$$
$$= 9 - 4 + 6 - 1$$
$$= 10$$

Relational Operator

if $(10 < 20 < 30)$
 printf ("True"); $\rightarrow$ True

if $(30 > 20 > 10)$
 printf ("True")
else

printf (false) → false

→ 30 > 20 > 10
↓
True > 10
↓
1 > 10 → false

Logical Operator

Precedence Order:

(i) NOT (!)

(ii) AND (&&)

(iii) OR (||)

Incremental & Decremental operators:

```
int main() {
```

```
    int n = 5;  
    int x;  
    x = n++;  
    printf (x); → 5  
    " (n); → 6  
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Post-increment

It gives the current value of n to x & then increments

```
int main() {
```

```
    int n = 5;
```

```
    int x;
```

```
    x = ++n;
```

```
    printf("x"), → 6
```

```
           (n); → 6
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Pre-increment

Increments x then
assigns the value of
 n to x .